Stage 1

Does the project require **APPROVAL** under the Environmental Protection and Conservation Act? E.g.

- ✓ foreshore developments
- ✓ industrial development
- ✓ sub-division developments
- ✓ tourism-related developments
- ✓ over water structures
- ✓ clearing vegetation over 10ha
- ✓ retail & wholesale development
- √ moorings and dredging
- ✓ mining or quarrying
- ✓ clearance of mangroves
- √ waste disposal facilities
- √ recreational facilities
- √ roads and bridges
- $\checkmark \ commercial \ agriculture \ and \ aquaculture \ activities$



If yes, an APPLICATION for approval must be submitted to the Director with a fee of VT23,000. Failure to lodge an application can result in significant penalties or prosecution



The Director (or an officer authorised by the Director) will undertake a **PRELIMINARY ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT** (PEA) to determine if an EIA report is required for the project



If the Director determines that an EIA report IS NOT REQUIRED, the Director may approve the application with or without terms and conditions and must notify the proponent in writing. OTHERWISE....

Stage 2



If the Director determines that an EIA report is re-

The Director must **REGISTER** the project in the Environment Registry and **NOTIFY** affected parties



The Director must develop TERMS OF
REFERENCE for the EIA process (a description of
the scope of work required) in consultation with
the proponent. The Director may consult with
any government department, NGO or person
with a direct interest in the project's subject
matter



After receiving the proponent's comments, the Director must issue FINAL WRITTEN TERMS OF REFERENCE to the proponent. The Director must also appoint an EIA consultant to conduct the EIA



The Director may require the proponent to give

PUBLIC NOTICE about the project e.g. an
invitation to provide verbal and written

SUBMISSIONS. This can occur before or after
submission of the EIA report

Stage 3

After the proponent has submitted an EIA report, the Direc-

Will **REVIEW** the EIA report and any submissions received through the consultation process



May require the proponent to correct any deficiencies or provide

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



Will ask the EIA REVIEW COMMITTEE to review the EIA report & make recommendations to the Director



May then: <u>APPROVE</u> the application with or without terms & conditions; or <u>REFER</u> the EIA back to the committee for further assessment; or <u>REJECT</u> the application



Must notify the proponent of his **DECISION IN WRITING**. The decision may contain terms and conditions with which the proponent must comply, e.g. ongoing monitoring